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Labour Force Activity (8), Highest Certificate, Diploma or Degree (14), Age Groups (12A) and Sex (3) for the Population 15 Years and Over of Canada, Provinces, Territories, Census Divisions and Census Subdivisions, 2006 Census - 20% Sample Data

Geography = Division No. 10 1

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			Sex (3) = To	otal - Sex				
Age groups (12A) = Total - Age groups								
	Labour force activity (8)							
Highest certificate, diploma or degree (14)	Total - Labour force activity	In the labour force	Employed	Unemployed	Not in the labour force	Participation rate	Employment rate	Unemployment rate
Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree ¹	19,010	13,325	10,990	2,335	5,685	70.1	57.8	17.5
No certificate, diploma or degree	6,055	2,905	1,945	955	3,150	48.0	32.1	32.9
Certificate, diploma or degree	12,955	10,420	9,045	1,375	2,535	80.4	69.8	13.2
High school certificate or equivalent ²	3,910	2,790	2,325	465	1,120	71.4	59.5	16.7
Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma	2,830	2,360	1,970	385	470	83.4	69.6	16.
College, CEGEP or other non-university								
certificate or diploma 3	3,950	3,355	2,940	415	590	84.9	74.4	12.4
University certificate, diploma or degree	2,270	1,920	1,805	115	355	84.6	79.5	6.0
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	595	465	425	40	125	78.2	71.4	8.8
University certificate or degree	1,675	1,455	1,380	75	225	86.9	82.4	5.2
Bachelor's degree	1,220	1,095	1,050	45	125	89.8	86.1	4.
University certificate or diploma above bachelor level	205	140	130	10	65	68.3	63.4	7.
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry	15	15	15	0	0	100.0	100.0	0.
Master's degree	220	195	180	15	20	88.6	81.8	7.7

Note(s):

3.

Earned doctorate

Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree

'Highest certificate, diploma or degree' refers to the highest certificate, diploma or degree completed based on a hierarchy which is generally related to the amount of time spent 'in-class'. For postsecondary completers, a university education is considered to be a higher level of schooling than a college education, while a college education is considered to be a higher level of education than in the trades. Although some trades requirements may take as long or longer to complete than a given college or university program, the majority of time is spent in on-the-job paid training and less time is spent in the classroom.

0

0.0

0.0

0.0

0

2. High school certificate or equivalent

'High school certificate or equivalent' includes persons who have graduated from a secondary school or equivalent. Excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree. Examples of postsecondary institutions include community colleges, institutes of technology, CEGEPs, private trade schools, private business colleges, schools of nursing and universities.

College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma

'College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma' replaces the category 'Other non university certificate or diploma' in previous censuses. This category includes accreditation by non degreegranting institutions such as community colleges, CEGEPs, private business colleges and technical institutes.

📤 Data quality note(s)

• 2001 adjusted count; most of these are the result of boundary changes.

Source: Statistics Canada, 2006 Census of Population.

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http://www12.statcan.ca/english/census06/data/topics/Print.cfm?PID=92113&GID=771600&D1=0&D2=0&D3=0&D4=0&D5=0&D6=0 (accessed June 11, 2009).

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